# **Chapter 4 Warm-Up**

### Section 4.1 Warm-Up

- **1.** For each equation, use the same number in each box to make a true statement.
  - $\mathbf{a)} \left( \square \right) \left( \square \right) = 64$
  - $\mathbf{b})\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)=100$
  - $\mathbf{c}) \left( \square \right) \left( \square \right) = 25$
  - $\mathbf{d})\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)=144$
- **2.** Estimate the value of each square root.
  - **a**)  $\sqrt{27}$
  - **b**)  $\sqrt{90}$
  - **c**)  $\sqrt{78}$

## Section 4.2 Warm-Up

- **1.** Use the exponent laws to rewrite each expression as a single power.
  - **a)**  $(x^3)(x^5)$
  - **b)**  $\frac{y^8}{v^2}$
  - $\mathbf{c)} \ \frac{\left(b^{5}\right)\left(b\right)}{b^{2}}$
- **2.** Use the exponent laws to rewrite each expression as a single power.
  - **a)**  $(x^5)^2$  **b)**  $\frac{y^7}{(y^2)^3}$  **c)**  $(b^2)^3 (b^4)^4$
- **3.** Simplify each expression.
  - **a)**  $(2x^3)^2$  **b)**  $(4y^2)^3$  **c)**  $(3x^6y^5)^2$

- **3.** For each equation, use the same number in each box to make a true statement.
  - $\mathbf{a)} \left( \square \right) \left( \square \right) \left( \square \right) = 64$
  - $\mathbf{b})\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)=8$
  - $\mathbf{c}) \left( \boxed{\phantom{a}} \right) \left( \boxed{\phantom{a}} \right) = 27$
  - $\mathbf{d})\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right)\left(\boxed{\phantom{a}}\right) = 1000$
- 4. Evaluate.
  - **a)**  $2^3$  **b)**  $3^2$  **c)**  $5^3$

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- **5.** Rewrite each number as a product of prime numbers.
  - **a)** 12 **b)** 90 **c)** 112
- 4. Evaluate.
  - **a**)  $\frac{3}{5} \div \frac{2}{3}$
  - **b**)  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^4$
  - c)  $5 \div \frac{2}{3}$
- **5.** What is the missing number?
  - **a**)  $2^{\square} = 32$
  - **b**)  $\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\square} = \frac{1}{16}$
  - **c**)  $3^{\square} = 81$
  - $\mathbf{d}) \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\square} = \frac{1}{27}$

## Section 4.3 Warm-Up

- 1. Calculate without using a calculator.
  - **a**)  $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{6}$
  - **b**)  $\frac{3}{8} \frac{1}{4}$
  - c)  $\frac{5}{6} \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}$
- 2. Evaluate without using a calculator.
  - **a**) 5<sup>0</sup>
  - **b)**  $2^{-3}$
  - **c)**  $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-2}$
  - $\mathbf{d}) \left( \frac{-5}{3} \right)^{-4}$

## Section 4.4 Warm-Up

- **1.** Write the prime factorization for each number.
  - **a)** 54
  - **b**) 180
  - **c)** 200
- 2. Evaluate.
  - **a**)  $\sqrt[3]{125}$
  - **b**)  $-\sqrt{10\,000}$
  - c)  $\sqrt[3]{-64}$
- 3. Rewrite each radical as a power.
  - a)  $\sqrt{7}$
  - **b**) <sup>3</sup>√−8
  - **c**)  $\sqrt[3]{x^5}$

- **3.** Use the exponent laws to rewrite each expression as a single power.
  - **a)**  $(y^8) (y^{-2})$

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- **b)**  $\frac{(b^5)(b^{-1})}{b^{-3}}$
- **c**)  $(x^5)^{-2}$
- **d)**  $\frac{y^7}{(y^{-4})^{-3}}$
- **4.** Convert each fraction to a decimal.
  - **a)**  $\frac{7}{8}$  **b)**  $\frac{4}{5}$  **c)**  $\frac{11}{16}$
- 5. A vehicle decreases in value by 15% each year. If it was worth \$35 000 when it was new, what would be its value after three years? Give the answer to the nearest dollar.
  - **4.** Evaluate each expression. Write each answer as an integer or a fraction.
  - **a)**  $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$
  - **b**)  $16^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
  - **c**)  $(-8)^{-\frac{4}{3}}$
- **5.** Which of the following sequences of keystrokes will correctly evaluate  $\frac{3+9}{3}$ ?

**Hint:** There may be more than one correct sequence.

- **a**)  $3 + 9 \div 3$
- **b**)  $(3+9) \div 3$
- **c**)  $3 \div 3 + 9 \div 3$
- **d)**  $3 \div 3 + 9$